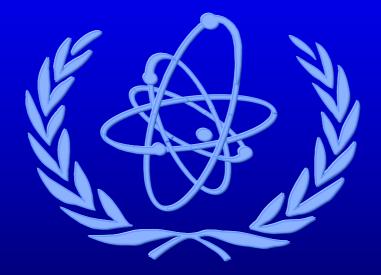
IAEA Training in Level 2 PSA

MODULE 9: Level 2 PSA Results



Outline of Discussion

• Parameters for describing results of a Level 2 PSA

- Results of a Level 2 study as stand-alone
- Data required to support Level 3 PSA
- Information to support severe accident management studies
- Dangers to avoid in comparing results to studies of other plants

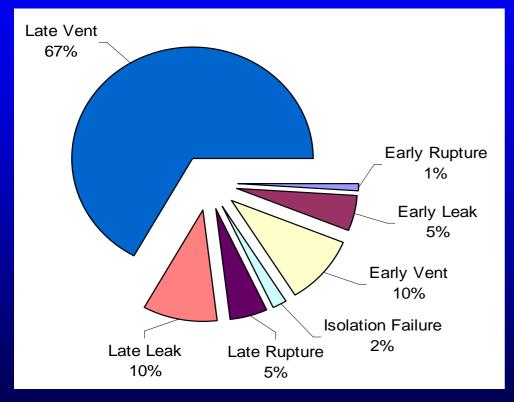


Level 2 PSA Results as Stand-alone Information

- Quantitative measures of a plant's response to severe accidents include:
 - Containment performance
 - * Conditional probability of containment failure by "mode" (time, size & location)
 - Source term
 - * Probability of exceedance for source terms of various magnitude
 - ***** Frequency of a release greater than a criterion
 - For example, "large early" release as defined in by regulators in the USA or the U.K.



Example Containment Performance Results



- A breakdown of various containment failure modes:
 - Across total core damage frequency (frequencyweighted average)
 - For each PDS
 - For a specific accident sequence



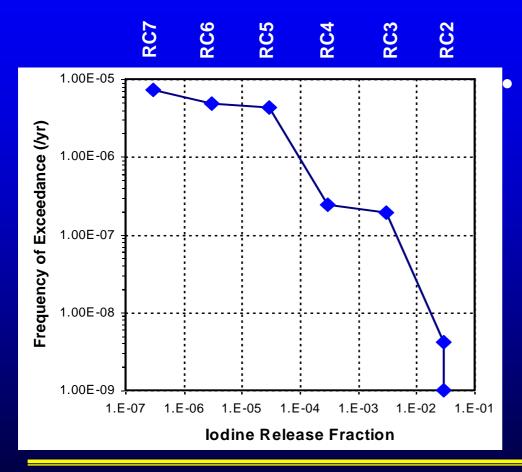
Containment Performance Results (2)

Tabular results provide quick comparison of a Baseline analysis to Sensitivity Cases

	Isolation Failure		n Failure	Early Containment Failure Late Containment Failure					No Failure
		Leak	Rupture	Leak	Rupture	Leak	Rupture	Vented	
-	Analysis Case								
	Baseline	< 0.1%	1.1%	< 0.1%	< 0.1%	7.2%	0.9%	90.7%	< 0.1%
Sensitivity Cases	Station Blackout Only	< 0.1%	5.4%	< 0.1%	< 0.1%	16.2%	0.3%	78.0%	< 0.1%
	No Containment Vent	< 0.1%	1.2%	0.2%	< 0.1%	35.8%	2.9%		60.1%
	No Containment Flooding	< 0.1%	1.2%	< 0.1%	< 0.1%	61.8%	1.6%	35.3%	
	No Vent & No Flooding		1.2%	0.2%	< 0.1%	85.9%	12.7%		



Example Source Term Results



Many ways to describe source term results:

- Frequency of exceeding different release magnitude
- Conditional probability of a "large" release
 - For each PDS
 - For a specific containment failure mode

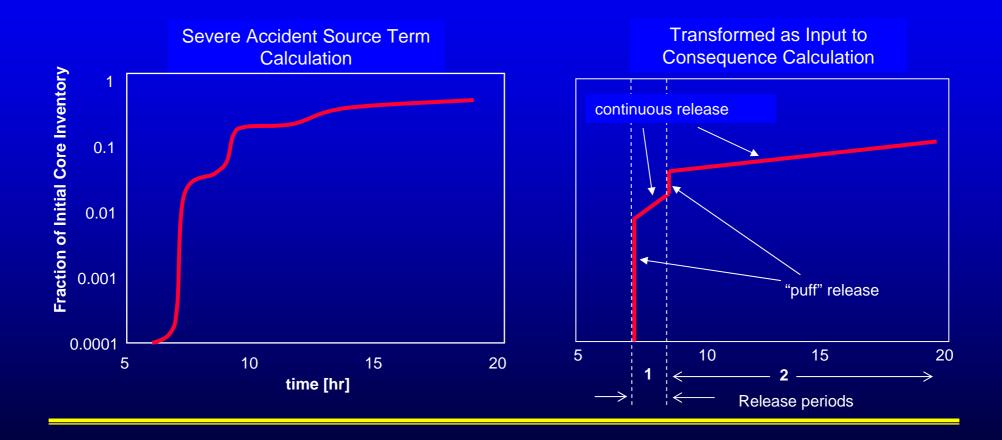


Level 2 PSA Results as Input to Level 3 Analysis

- Data requirements
 - Frequency of a spectrum of source terms
 - Source term described by
 - * Released mass of each radionuclide species as a function of time
 - * Energy of release(s) -- carrier gas enthalpy
 - * Elevation of release(s)
 - Time-variations in release usually simplified
 - * Level 3 consequence codes usually require continuous release history be converted to step functions



Reducing Level 2 Source Term Information to Level 3 Input





Cautions: Comparing Level 2 PSA Results

- Results of a Level 2 PSA must be interpreted with a clear understanding of study objectives and modeling assumptions
 - Differences in objectives/assumptions between studies can preclude meaningful comparisons of results
- State of knowledge in severe accident behavior has changed considerably over the past 20 years
 - Comparisons of results between new and old studies may reflect changes in knowledge; <u>not</u> plant-specific differences in performance.



Examples of False Comparisons

- Conditional Probability of "Early" containment failure or a "Large" release
 - Different studies use different definition of "early" and "large"
- Source terms for "similar" sequences
 - General terms such as "station blackout" or ATWS are not specific enough to permit plant-to-plant comparisons of source terms.



Use of Level 2 PSA in Severe Accident Management

- PSA results provide a basis for setting priorities
 - Prevention (Level 1) versus Mitigation (Level 2)
 - Causes of early or large releases (i.e., root causes of high consequences)
- PSA results can be used to "measure" value of proposed accident management measures
 - Change mode of containment failure (e.g., vent versus structural failure)
 - Reductions in magnitude of releases (e.g., fire water as surrogate for containment spray)



Level 2 PSA Results: Summary

- Results of a Level 2 PSA can be expressed in many different ways
 - Qualitative information on severe accident progression and mechanisms for containment failure
 - Quantitative information on failure probability and resulting radionuclide release
- Comparisons of results to those from other studies must be done with caution

